Displaying and Comparing Quantitative Data

- Topic: Shape of Distributions
- Objective: Students will be able to identify data displayed in a variety of displays including box and whisker plots, dot plots, and histograms.
- Standards: AP Stats: UNC-1 (EU), UNC-1.H (LO), UNC-1.H.3 (EK)
- CCSS Math: 6.SP.A.2



Shapes of Distributions

- Vocabulary:
- 1. Symmetrical Same on both Sides Ex. triongles (equiktual, isosceles) Butturfly
- 2. Skewed (or tailed)

Not cuen on both sides

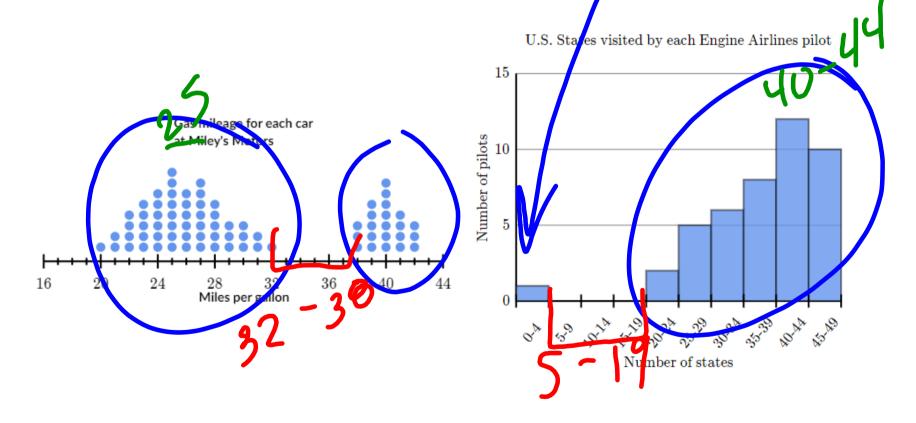
Shape of Distributions

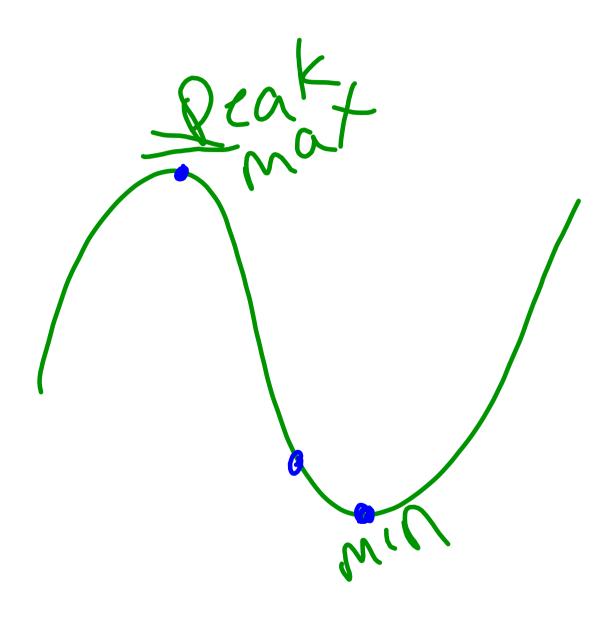
Examples: What is the shape of the distribution

shown below? Music experience for each stud in Mr. Day's class Age by guest at Matt's Car Number of guests Age of each intramural volleyball participan 10 90 100 10 Age (in years) 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 Age (in years)

Clusters, Gaps, Peaks, and Qutliers

 Examples: Which of the following/are accurate descriptions of the distribution below?





Displaying and Comparing Quantitative Data

You should be working on the following skills:

- 1. Shape of distributions
- 2. Clusters, gaps, peaks, and outliers
- 3. Comparing distributions
- 4. Comparing data displays
- 5. Comparing data distributions
- Comparing center and spread

ATTENTION: Log In Through CLEVER Now

Spirit Week is This Week, extra credit for anyone who participates!